

MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT, GREAT LAKES, AND ENERGY

# Protecting Water Resources When Growing and Processing Marijuana

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#### Protecting Water Resources When Growing and Processing Marijuana

- Programs
  - Water withdrawal
  - Land Use
    - Floodplain
    - Wetlands
  - Wastewater
    - NPDES
    - Groundwater
    - Construction Storm Water
    - Industrial storm water



# Groundwater or Surface Water Withdrawals

- >100,000 gallons of water per day (GPD)
- ≥70 gallons per minute (GPM)
  - Must use Water Withdrawal
     Assessment Tool (WWAT)
     <a href="http://www.egle.state.mi.us/w">http://www.egle.state.mi.us/w</a>
     wat



# Groundwater or Surface Water Withdrawals

- Withdrawals that can't pass the WWAT
  - Site-Specific Review
  - Alternative analysis under MCL 324.32706c



# Groundwater or Surface Water Withdrawals

- Withdrawals > 100,000 GPD are required to report their annual water use
  - MDARD (for farms)
  - EGLE (others including municipal water supplies)



# **Groundwater or Surface Water Withdrawals**

- New or increased withdrawals
   >2,000,000 GPD (2 MGD) require
   a Part 327 permit
  - This may vary depending on depletion status of the watershed

## **Municipal Water**

Contact the municipality

Determine if they can supply the quantity of water required

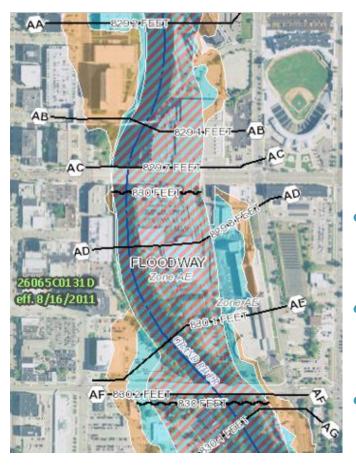




## **Floodplains**

- Any occupation, filling, or grading below the 100-year floodplain elevation requires a permit
- Many floodplains are mapped
  - https://msc.fema.gov/portal/home





## Floodplains

- Tiling within 100-year floodplain no permit
- Altering topography within 100-year floodplain permit needed
- Fill in regulated floodplains –
   compensating cut may be required
- Local floodplain regulations



## Wetlands, Inland Lakes and Streams

- Section 404 of the federal Clean Water Act for wetlands, inland lakes and stream dredge and fill activities
- Permitted under
   Natural Resources and
   Environmental
   Protection Act 451 of
   1994
  - Part 303 WetlandsProtection
  - Part 301 Inland
     Lakes and Streams

#### Wetlands

#### Part 303, Wetlands Protection

- Requires a permit to deposit or allow the placing of fill material; dredge, remove, or permit the removal of soil or minerals; construct, operate, or maintain any use or development; or drain surface water in wetlands
  - Note water discharge into a wetland may be considered maintaining a use in wetland



## Part 303, Wetlands Protection

#### Wetlands

- Requires a permit to deposit or allow the placing of fill material; dredge, remove, or permit the removal of soil or minerals; construct, operate, or maintain any use or development; or drain surface water in wetlands
  - Note water discharge into a wetland may be considered maintaining a use in wetland.



## Part 303, Wetlands Protection

#### Wetlands

Regulated by EGLE if ANY of the following are true:

- Connected to inland lake, pond, river, or stream
- Located within 500 feet of inland lake, pond, river, or stream
- Connected to Great Lake or Lake St. Clair
- Located within 1,000 feet of Great Lake or Lake St.
   Clair
- > 5 acres
- Contain documented threatened/endangered species or community identified as rare and imperiled in Part 303
- None of the above but are Waters of the United States under the federal Clean Water Rule





# Inland Lakes and Streams

## Part 301, Inland Lakes and Streams

#### Permit required

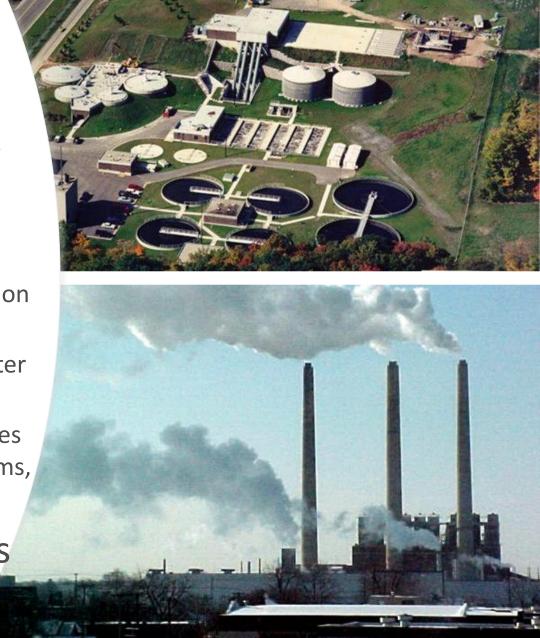
- Dredging
- Filling
- Construction or placing a structure on bottomlands
- Interfering with the natural flow of water
- Connecting a ditch or canal
- Creating a waterbody greater than 5 acres in size or within 500 feet of an inland lake or stream



#### Wastewater

#### NPDES Permits

- Section 402 of the federal
   Clean Water Act National
   Pollutant Discharge Elimination
   System Permit program
- Permitted under Part 31 Water
   Resources Protection
- Regulates pollutant discharges to lakes, ponds, rivers, streams, or wetlands
- Groundwater permits
  - Permitted under Part 31

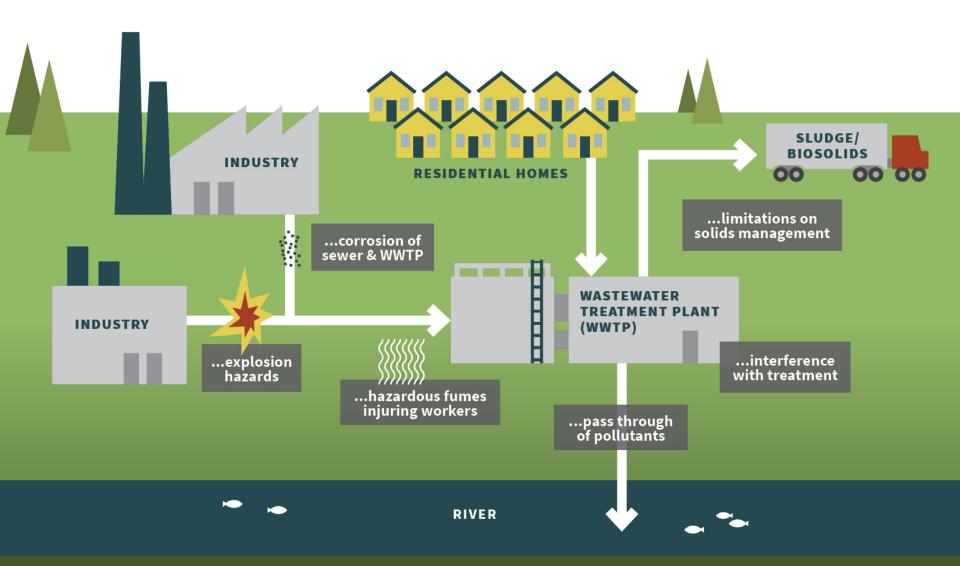


#### Wastewater

- Indirect discharge to a municipal wastewater treatment plant (WWTP)
  - May be subject to the Industrial Pretreatment Program (IPP)



#### **Industrial Pretreatment Programs Protect Against...**





- NPDES permit direct discharge to lake, pond, river, stream, or wetland
  - Requires limits and monitoring of effluent
    - Vary by process and effluent type

#### Wastewater Groundwater Permits

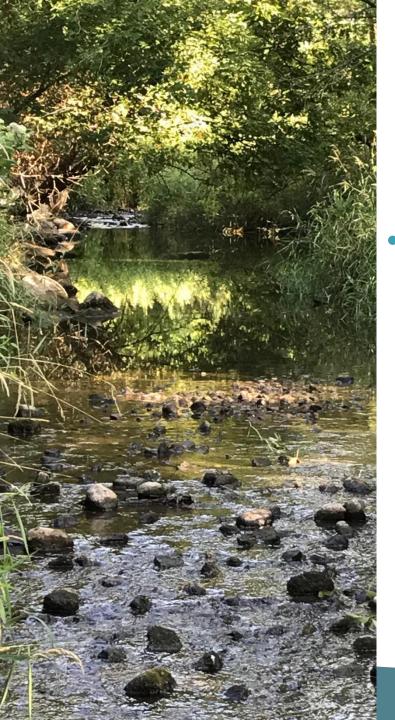
- Part 31
  - Separate sewage from process water
    - Sewage can be permitted by Local Health Department
  - Processing of marijuana
    - likely not be permitted by EGLE
    - Local Health Departments do not have authority to permit
    - Process wastewater must be collected, stored, then pumped and hauled



## Wastewater Groundwater Permits

- Part 31
  - Growing operations
    - Local Health Departments do not have authority to permit wastewater
    - Wastewater can be collected, stored, then pumped and hauled





## Wastewater Groundwater Permits

- Part 31
  - Growing operations
    - If not pumped and hauled
      - Treatment of irrigation water
        - » Reverse osmosis, softening, filtration
      - Humidifier and HVAC use and wastewater
      - Irrigation system design
      - Additive/chemical/pesticide use
      - Water flow diagrams





## Construction Storm Water

Any earth movement activity requires permits from local enforcing agencies and possibly EGLE



#### **Construction Storm Water**

Soil Erosion and Sedimentation Control Program (SESC) – Part 91

- Permit is issued by County or Municipality
- Earth change of 1 or more acres of land
- Earth change is within 500 feet of a lake or stream

Construction
Storm Water
Program
(NPDES)

 A NPDES Notice of Coverage (NOC) is required for earth change activity over 5 acres with a storm water discharge to surface waters



# Soil Erosion and Sedimentation Control Program and Construction Storm Water Program

Contact the County or Submit required information and obtain Municipality where earth change will occur the SESC Permit Once you have obtained the SESC permit, then you can apply for the NPDES NOC



Construction Storm Water NPDES Notice Of Coverage

- Disturbing one to five acres
  - Automatic storm water coverage with a Part 91 (SESC) permit
- Disturbing over 5 acres
  - Apply for a NPDES Notice of Coverage (NOC)
  - Must submit a copy of the SESC permit, approved SESC plan, NOC application and \$400 fee.



**All sites over 1 acre in size must follow Permit-By-Rule requirements** 



# NPDES Industrial Storm Water

- Regulations apply to wide variety of industrial and municipal facilities
  - Consider primary industrial activity and industrial exposure
  - Requires a certified operator
  - Requires development of a Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan





#### NPDES Industrial Storm Water Permits

- The processing of marijuana (SIC code 2833) is a regulated activity
- Processing facilities discharging storm water to surface waters of the state:
  - NPDES ISW discharge permit; or
  - No Exposure Certification

#### **MiWaters**





#### Resources

- Land Use
  - Floodplain

www.michigan.gov/floodplainmanage ment

Wetlands

www.mi.gov/wetlands

- Wastewater
  - NPDES

www.mi.gov/eglenpdes

Groundwater permits

www.mi.gov/groundwaterdischarge

- Wastewater
  - Construction Storm Water
    - SESC Agencies

https://www.michigan.gov/documen ts/deq/wrd-sesc-agencylist 539870 7.pdf

 Construction storm water and SESC Web page

https://www.michigan.gov/egle/0,94 29,7-135-3311 4113---,00.html

Industrial storm water

www.mi.gov/industrialstormwater



Michigan Department of Environment, Great Lakes, and Energy

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